

# Escuela Técnica Superior de Ingeniería



## Syllabus

### **COURSE 2024-2025**

			Subject	Data		
Name:						
Mathematics I – Comp	outer Science					
English name:						
Mathematics I – Comp	outer Science					
Code:				Туре	<b>:</b>	
606010101		_		Basic	-	
Hours:						
			Total		In class	Out class
Time dis	tribution	150	- Julian	60		90
ECTS:						
				Sm	nall	
Standard		groups				
group	Classroom		Lab		Practices	Computer
						classroom
4.5	0		0		0	1.5
Departments:				Knov	wledge areas:	
Integral Sciences				Applied	Mathematics	
Year:				Sem	ester	
1st - First				1st - Firs	t	
				1		

TEACHING STAFF		
Name:	E-mail:	Telephone
Jared Aurentz	jared.aurentz@dci.uhu.es	

Others Data (Tutoring, schedule)		
Office: 3.3.15 Facultad de Ciencias Experimentales		
SPECIFIC IN	NFORMATION OF THE	
	COURSE	
1. Contents description:		
1.1 In English:		-1
Differential Calculus: fundamental concepts, polynomia methods, numerical methods. Applications.	i approximation, numerical methods. Integral Calc	ulus: analytic
1.2 In Spanish:		
Cálculo Diferencial: conceptos fundamentales, apro		Cálculo Integral:
métodos analíticos, métodos numéricos. Aplicacio	nes.	

2. Background:

2.1 Situation within the Degree:

Foundational, first semester course.	
2.2 Recommendations	
Students should have a basic understanding of standard mathematical operations, elemental fur concepts of limits, continuity and derivatives.	inctions and th

#### 3. Objectives (as result of teaching):

#### General:

Introduction to abstract reasoning y development of fundamental mathematical skills. Capacity to express mathematically scientific problems, solve them using the correct mathematical techniques and correctly interpret the results. Appreciation for mathematics as an essential tool for deeper scientific understanding.

#### Methodology:

Introduce the student to mathematical notation and the mathematical way of thinking and solving problems. Capacity to solve basic, real-world mathematical problems.

#### 4. Skills to be acquired

#### 4.1 Specific Skills:

• **CB01:** Capacity to solve mathematical problems typical in engineering. Ability to apply knowledge of: linear algebra, differential and integral calculus, numerical methods, numerical algorithms, statistics and optimization.

#### 4.2 General, Basic or Transversal Skills:

- **CB1:** That the student demonstrates possession and comprehension in an area beyond secondary education that, with the help of text books, includes understanding at the forefront of their area of study.
- **G02:** Communicating orally and through writing in an academic and professional setting, with an emphasis in preparing technical documents.
- **G03:** Problem solving.
- **G04:** Objective decision-making, based on experimental or simulated data. Ability to debate and defend logically these decisions and accept other points of view.
- **G05:** Ability to work in teams.
- **G06:** Ability to work independently and take the initiative.
- **G09:** Ability to innovate and generate new ideas.
- CT2: Develop critical-thinking skills with the ability to analyze and synthesize.
- CT3: Develop research skills that permit the continual reflection and advancement of knowledge.

#### 5. Training Activities and Teaching Methods

#### 5.1 Training Activities:

- Lectures on theoretical material.
- Problem-solving sessions.
- Programming sessions.
- Professor-led activities: seminars, conferences, work development, debates, group tutoring, evaluation and self-evaluation.

#### 5.2 Teaching Methods::

- Lectures.
- Problem-solving in computer labs.
- Practice problems.
- Office hours.
- Planning, completing, tutoring and presentation of individual work.
- Exams.

#### 5.3 Development and Justification:

Lectures on theory and problem-solving:

Precisely develop theoretical concepts, omitting most of the proofs. This way not only facilitates learning, but also leaves more time for solving examples and answering questions.

Small-group sessions:

Practice applying theoretical concepts to solve problems. Develop individual problem-solving skills.

Computer lab sessions:

Introduction to MATLAB and how to use it to solve problems.

#### 6. Detailed Contents

Theme 1: Complex Numbers

Basic definitions. Arithmetic with complex numbers. Applications.

Theme 2: Continuity of Real-valued Functions

Review of the concepts of function, limit and continuity.

Theme 3: Differentiability of Real-valued Functions

Differentiability. Fundamental Theorem of Differential Calculus. Applications.

Theme 4: Function Approximation and Taylor Series.

Taylor polynomials. Taylor Series. Error estimation. MacLaurin Series. Approximation of elemental functions. Applications.

Theme 5: Methods of Integration

Primitive functions. Indefinite integrals. Properties. Instant integrals. Basic methods of integration.

Theme 6: Definite and Improper Integrals

Area under a curve. Riemann integration. Integrability. Properties. Mean value theorem. Fundamental Theorem of Integral Calculus. Indefinite integrals: Barrow's Rule. Change of variable. Integrals in unbounded intervals. Integrals of unbounded functions. Convergence.

Theme 7: Applications of Integration

Calculate area, volume, revolved surfaces and arc-length. Applications in Physics.

Theme 8: Numerical Series

Infinite sums. Convergente and Divergente series. Series of positive terms: bounding criteria and convergence. Absolute convergence. Power series of elemental functions.

Theme 9: Multivariable Functions

Limits. Properties. Continuity. Differentiability.

#### 7. Bibliography

#### 7.1 Basic Bibliography:

- Strang, G.: Calculus. Wellesley-Cambridge Press
- Burgos J. De: Cálculo Infinitesimal de una Variable. Ed. Mcgraw-Hill (1994).
- Fernández Viñas, J.A.: Análisis Matemático I. Ed. Tecnos (1986).
- Franco Brañas J. R.: Introducción al Cálculo. Problemas y Ejercicios resueltos. Ed. Prentice (2003).

#### 7.2 Additional Bibliography:

<ul> <li>Burgos J. De: Cálculo de una Variable Real. Ed. García Maroto (2009).</li> </ul>
• Edwards C.H., Penney D.E.: Cálculo Diferencial e Integral. 4ª ed. Ed. Pearson Educación, (1997).

#### 8. Systems and Assessment Criteria

#### 8.1 System for Assessment:

- Theoretical exam
- Defense of projects and written works
- Individual progress activities
- Practical exam

#### 8.2 Assessment Criteria and Marks:

#### 8.2.1 Examinations Convocatory I

The evaluation and qualification of the course, in each round of examination, will be realized according to the following rules:

**1st Round of Examination:** One exam on theory on the date specified by the Escuela Técnica Superior de Ingeniería, as well as two practical exams in the computer lab. The first one will take place roughly at the midpoint of the semester, once Theme 4 is finished. The second will take place in the last week of the semester. The grade for the practical portion of the course will be the average of these two exams. The student will also be required to submit written reports related to the practice sessions in order to evaluate their individual progress.

#### **General Rules:**

- In each practical exam the student will be asked to solve a collection of practical problems related to the course material with the help of the same software used in the computer lab small-group sessions. In each exam on theory the student will be asked to solve a collection of problems, examples or theoretical questions related to the course material. Each practical exam will last no more than 2 hours and each exam on theory will last no more than 4 hours.
- The grade obtained from the exam on theory will count for 75% of the final grade. The average grade obtained from the practical exams will count towards 20% of the final grade. The individual progress activities will count towards 5% of the final grade.
- In order to pass the course in each round of exams the student will need to obtain a minimum grade of 3 in

the exam on theory, a minimum grade of 3 in the practical exam and an average grade of at least 5. The final grade of the students whose individual grades do not meet the minimums just described will be the minimum of 4.5 y the calculated final grade.

- Unless the student wishes otherwise, a grade of 5 or more in any of the exams in the 1st round of examination will be valid during the 2<sup>nd</sup> round of examination. After the 2<sup>nd</sup> round of examination the student must retake all exams (theory and practical) in future rounds of examination.
- In all of the evaluation activities, including exams, the professors will be evaluating the clarity of expressed theoretical concepts, the interpretation of results obtained, the conciseness of the answers, the ability to correctly apply each concept and the precision of any calculations, in accordance with skills CB01, G02, G03, G04, G05 and G09.
- In order to obtain the qualification "Matricula of Honor" it will be necessary, though not sufficient, for the student to obtain a final grade of 9.5 or higher. In the case of a tie the students with the highest grade in the theoretical exam will be ranked first.

8.2.2 Examinations	Convocatory I	I
--------------------	---------------	---

8.2.2 Examinations Convocatory II
<b>2</b> <sup>nd</sup> <b>and 3</b> <sup>rd</sup> <b>Rounds of Examination:</b> In both rounds their will be one exam on theory, worth 80% of the final grade and a practical exam, worth 20% of the final grade, to take place on the date specified by the Escuela Técnica
Superior de Ingeniería.
8.2.3 Examinations Convocatory III
The same as Conovocatory II.

8.2.4 Extraordinary Convocatory	
The same as Conovocatory II.	

8.3 Single Final Evaluation:	
Those students who choose one-time evaluation will take a single practical exam worth 20% and a theory worth 80% of the final grade.	single exam on